

Is 2019 finally the Year for Linux on the Desktop? Or for v6-only Networks?

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#whoarewe

- o Old-school networking guys, with a special focus on security (<u>www.ernw.de</u>)
- o Doing quite some stuff in the IPv6 space
 - o https://insinuator.net/2019/01/ipv6-talks-publications
- o Operating a (medium-size) conference network with v6-only+NAT64 in the default SSID since 2016





Background of This Talk

- An increasing number of organizations currently consider implementing IPv6 in a specific mode often called "v6-only + NAT64".
- Some conferences already implement this in their WiFi networks:
 - o Troopers ;-)
 - o FOSDEM
 - Cisco Live (but somewhat "experimental")

https://insinuator.net/2019/02/some-notes-on-the-ipv6-properties-of-the-wireless-network-cisco-live-europe/



This Raises a Crucial Question

- o What breaks? ;-)
- Let's be more precise
 - o Which stuff that we (or they = customers) actually need breaks?
 - o Do (should) we care?
 - Technical alternatives / solutions?





- o There's a case study/project behind this talk.
 - o We'll provide some details in our talk in the IPv6 wg on Thursday.
- o For the moment let's focus on the 1st question.
 - From a "WiFi hotspot for consumers" perspective (as opposed to, e.g., "a corporation's guest WiFi")
- o To find out we built a test lab.



The Lab Infrastructure - Overview

- o Pretty small and basic setup:
 - Cisco ISR 4321 as NAT64 GW
 - Unbound as DNS64
 - WLC + AP for Wifi Connectivity





Testbed

- o Windows 10 Build 1809 / Windows 7
- o macOS 10.14 Mojave
- o Apple iOS 12.1.4
- o Arch Linux Kernel 4.19
- o Android 9 Pie (API 28)





The Lab - Methodology

- o Group applications in categories.
 - o e.g. Social Media, Communication etc.
- Define first set of (potential) relevant applications to be tested.
- o Define test cases for each app
- o Perform the tests
- o (Try) to evaluate root cause for failed test cases





Stuff Tested (I)

- o Social Media
 - Signal
 - o Instagram
 - Snapchat
 - Tik Tok
 - Twitter
 - WhatsApp
 - Tinder
 - o Threema

- o Streaming
 - Spotify
 - Twitch
 - Amazon Music
 - Amazone Prime Video
 - Netflix
 - Apple Music





Stuff Tested (2)

- o Communication
 - Microsoft Teams
 - Discord
 - Skype
 - Slack
 - Facetime
 - Skype for Business
 - Cisco WebEx

- o Games
 - Fortnite
 - o PUBG
 - o Pokemon Go
 - Steam





Display of Sample Categories / Test cases

Social	Test	Windows 10	Windows 7 or lower	Linux	MacOS	Android	ios
Signal	1000			Ų.			
	Send a message						
	Receive a message						
Instagram							
	Test if login works	Ĩ			1	1	
	Follow someone	3				1	
	Comment a picture	3					
	Watch a story	J.				- 12	
	Receive a private message						
	Send a private message						
Snapchat							
	Send a message	-					
	Send a picture						
	Test if Login works				-	3	
	Receive a picture					- 5	
	Create a story						
	Receive a message						



Results / Overview

- OS-wise iOS apps successfully completed all test cases
 - Maybe not a surprise given Apple's strategy
- o Most categories worked quite nicely, e.g.
 - Social Media
 - Communication
- o Issues were mostly identified in two areas
 - Games
 - Streaming





Applications with Issues / Overview

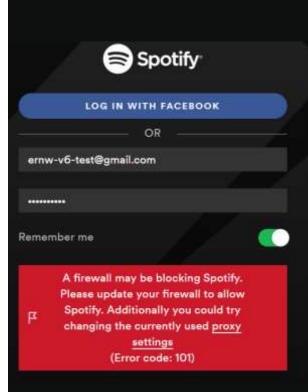
- In general, we could observe two failure scenarios:
 - Either the app just doesn't work at all without IPv4
 - In general the app works but some functionality is limited.





Streaming - Spotify

- Unfortunately, the Spotify app on Windows 10/7/macOS does not work.
 - The web client works as intended.
- o No network activity could be observed. We assume the client tries to open a IPv4 socket, which of course fails.





Games - Fortnite

- o "Hottest" Battle Royal game for a year or two.
- Based on the Unreal engine developed by Epic.
- o To play Fortnite, one has to install the Epic Games Launcher.





Turns out...XMPP client only asks for an A record ⊗

v Queries
> xmpp-service-prod.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN

v Answers
> xmpp-service-prod.ol.epicgames.com: type CNAME, class IN, cname xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.195.135.176
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.202.107.122
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.199.177.138
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.200.66.169
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.197.247.209
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.196.225.72
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.202.23.197
> xmpp-service-prod-weighted.ol.epicgames.com: type A, class IN, addr 34.192.117.58



For future reference

New: Improved IPv6 Support

Support for IPv4 and IPv6 has been merged into a single socket subsystem, where previously support for each protocol was isolated to a specific subsystem. This allows platforms that used one of the BSD subsystems to support both IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time, and do it transparently to the calling code.

https://www.unrealengine.com/en-US/blog/unreal-engine-4-21-released Nov 2018



Interim Conclusion (i)

- We tested around 35 different applications with a total of 120 test cases
 - o On (if available) six different operating systems.
- Only three applications didn't work at all on nonmobile operating systems.
- Two applications had some feature limitations
 - E.g. not able to join a voice channel @Discord





Interim Conclusion (ii)

- o While we still see some (minor) breakage (that was to be expected) it is lower than we initially anticipated.
- o Apps on mobile devices (Android/iOS) work just fine in an IPv6-only environment.
- Still, there is some work to do primarily for applications installed on your "typical" workstation.





Lab / Next Steps

- Validate / further investigate failure cases
- o Vendor communication!
- o Probably even easier when the vendor is the only failing one in a group of similar apps ;-)
- o In parallel / very soon we will release the full results (incl. sanitized pcaps)





Next Steps (II)

- o Test more/other categories
 - Corporate applications besides HTTP[S]-based north-south traffic
 - VPN clients
- We see this evaluation as a permanent ongoing activity and are happy about suggestions.





Conclusions

- We see an increasing interest in deploying v6-only + NAT64 networks.
 - For reasons...
- Testing creates #transparency ;-) & hence well-informed decision making...
- o Overall less issues than expected
 - Apple's strategy seems to work.
 - Communication strategy will be crucial, with management, users & vendors.





Thank you for your Attention!



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www.insinuator.net



Sources

As indicated on slides.

Image Sources

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